

 Pearl River Community College
2022-2023 Annual Security and Fire Safety Report



Introduction

The Pearl River Community College Annual Security and Fire Safety Report is posted on the web for review by employees, prospective employees, students, prospective students, and parents. A hard copy of this report may be requested from the Office of Public Safety. This notification is in accordance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, 28 U.S.C. §1092(f), and the provisions of the Higher Education Opportunity Act Pertaining to Campus Statistics, 28 U.S.C. §1092(i). For more information or if you have specific questions regarding the Annual Security Report or security policies at Pearl River Community College, contact the Office of Public Safety. Pearl River Community College is a public two-year community college with its main campus located in Poplarville, MS. The college has two additional service locations: Forrest County Campus in Hattiesburg, MS; Hancock Center in Waveland, MS. The following is information to be reported pursuant to federal law and regulation. This report is intended to inform all current and prospective students and employees of the college's safety and security program.

Pearl River Community College Campus Police Department

The Campus Police Department is a fully certified police department staffed with full time, state certified police officers who have full arrest powers and are granted full enforcement authority over college, city, county, and state laws, regulations, and ordinances. All PRCC police officers are certified through the Mississippi Board of Minimum Standards and Training.

The Campus Police Department supports the college's mission by providing a safe and friendly environment, which fosters education, protection, and service. Not only is the department responsible for law enforcement, security and emergency response, but it is also responsible for providing support services tailored to meet the needs of the college community. Campus Police is available 24 hours a day throughout the year.

Reporting Crimes and Campus Emergencies

All members of the Pearl River Community College community and all visitors are encouraged to accurately and promptly report potential criminal activity, suspicious behavior, and any emergencies on campus to campus police. Crimes should be accurately and promptly reported to campus police or the appropriate law enforcement agency, when the victim of a crime elects to, or is unable to, make such a report.

Students and employees should report criminal offenses to campus police for the purpose of assessing the crime for potential distribution of a timely warning notice and the annual statistical disclosure.

Campus Police and Public Safety

Title	Name	Number
Director of Public Safety-Poplarville	Butch Raby	601.403.1351
Chief of Police-Poplarville	Gene Keith	601.403.1373
Campus Police-Poplarville	Campus Police	601.403.1300
Director of Public Safety-Hattiesburg	Alvin Pittman	601.403.1812
Chief of Police-Hattiesburg	Alvin Pittman	601.554.5513
Campus Police-Hattiesburg	Campus Police	601.554.5513
Campus Security-Nights and Weekends-Hattiesburg	Campus Security	601.408.4811
Campus Police- Hancock (Kiln)	Campus Police	228.252.7001

*Poplarville- Poplarville Campus

*Hattiesburg- Forrest County Center

*Waveland- Hancock Center

Response to a Report

Campus police officers are available 24 hours a day to answer your calls. In response to a call regarding a reported crime, campus police will take the required action by meeting with the victim or asking the victim to report to the campus police office to file an incident report. In response to a reported emergency, campus police will respond and summon the appropriate resources to assist in the response to the incident. Campus police officers will investigate an incident when it is deemed appropriate and forward to the appropriate administrator if applicable for review and for potential action. Additional information obtained via the investigation will also be forwarded to the appropriate college personnel. Campus police will contact local law enforcement or local fire officials if assistance is required.

Timely Warnings and Mass Notification System

Under Clery Act, colleges and universities must use timely warnings and emergency notifications to inform the campus community of potential threats against which they can take preventive measures. These ongoing disclosure requirements, when implemented, can help to create and promote a safe campus environment.

The purpose of a timely warning is to notify the campus community of the incident and to provide information that may enable the community to take steps to protect themselves from similar incidents. The Director of Public Safety or designee will issue timely warnings whenever there is a substantial risk to the safety of other members of the campus community. For incidents involving off-campus crimes, the PRCC Campus Police Department may issue a timely warning if the crime occurred adjacent to the campus or in a location frequented by the college's population.

Timely warnings have a narrow focus with a concentration on the Clery Act specific crimes. A timely warning must be issued for Clery Act crimes that occur in the College's Clery Act geography. The warning must reach the entire campus. Timely warnings are considered for the following classifications of Clery Act crimes:

Criminal Homicide

- Murder/non-negligent manslaughter
- Manslaughter by negligence

Sex Offenses

- Rape
- Fondling
- Incest
- Statutory rape

Additional Clery Act Crimes

- Aggravated assault
- Burglary
- Motor vehicle theft
- Arson
- Robbery

Timely warnings may also be issued for other reported crimes as determined necessary by the Director of Public Safety or designee. The decision will be made in compliance with the Clery Act and in an effort to prevent similar crimes from occurring.

Decisions to disseminate a timely warning will be decided on a case-by-case basis in light of all the facts surrounding the crime and the continuing danger to the campus community. The purpose of the warning is to aid in the prevention of similar crimes by alerting the community about the incident and providing information on the actions the campus community can take to diminish their chances of being victimized.

A timely warning will be issued as soon as pertinent information is available. The amount and type of information presented in the timely warning will vary depending on the circumstances of the crime. If there is certain information that could compromise law enforcement efforts, it may be withheld from the timely warning notice. An effort will always be made to distribute a warning as soon as pertinent information is available so that the warning is a preventive tool, not solely a description of the incident.

Timely warning will include some or all of the following information:

- Date, time and location of the reported crime
- Summary of the incident
- Description of the suspect and/or vehicle, if available

- Special instructions or incident specific safety tips

In the event that a situation arises, either on or off campus, that constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat, a campus wide “timely warning” will be issued. The Director of Public Safety or designee will send a timely warning notice for the college community to notify members of the community about incidents that occur on campus, where it is determined that the incident may pose an ongoing threat to members of the college community. The warning will be issued through the college’s mass notification system called LYNX to students, faculty and staff. LYNX may encompass the following modes of communication:

- Text (SMS) message
- Email college’s email addresses
- Broadcast automated calling
- Social Media
- College’s homepage Website
- Electronic display boards

In the event of inclement weather, the PRCC Campus Police Department will be in constant contact with Emergency Management and will keep the college updated regarding inclement weather. Depending on the particular circumstances, especially in all situations that could pose an immediate threat to the community and individuals, a notice may be posted on the main page (www.prcc.edu) of the college website providing the community with immediate notification.

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to the PRCC Campus Police Department.

Missing Student Notification

In accordance with the Higher Education Opportunity Act, PRCC must develop and implement certain procedures to be followed when residential students are determined to be missing for 24 hours. Students residing in campus housing will be informed that each student has the option to identify a person designated as an emergency missing person contact to be notified by PRCC no later than 24 hours after the time the student is determined to be missing by the designated college officials authorized to make that determination (specifically, campus police) or the local law enforcement agency in which the student went missing. When students are informed of their option to provide an emergency contact, they are advised that their contact information will be registered confidentially. This information will be accessible only to authorized campus officials and law enforcement and may not be disclosed outside of a missing person investigation.

PRCC will notify any missing student’s emergency contact(s), if provided, within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing. In the event a student under 18 years of age and not emancipated, PRCC must notify a custodial parent or guardian within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing, in addition to notifying any additional contact person

designated by the student. For all missing students, PRCC will notify the local law enforcement agency within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing, unless the local law enforcement agency was the entity that made the determination that the student is missing.

Suspected missing students should be reported immediately to campus police. If members of the PRCC community believe that a student has been missing for 24 hours, it is critical that they report that information to campus police by calling 601.403.1300. A student is determined to be missing when the campus police have verified that reported information is credible and circumstances warrant declaring the person missing.

Mississippi Sex Offender Registry

The State of Mississippi requires all sex offenders to register. To access the statewide sex offender registry, visit <http://state.sor.dps.ms.gov/>.

Weapons, Alcohol, and Illegal Drugs

Pearl River Community College prohibits the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol on college property or at any part of its activities.

The college will inform all students and employees regarding illicit drug and alcohol abuse and use including (1) the policies of the college related to the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol (2) the penalties that may be imposed upon students or employees for drug and alcohol violations (3) the health dangers related to drug and alcohol use (4) the availability of drug and alcohol counseling and referral programs.

The college will provide updated drug and alcohol information to all students and employees by published brochures and appropriate college publications. For additional information related to the PRCC substance abuse policy, all students, faculty and/or staff should contact the Assistance Vice President of Student Services.

Pearl River Community College prohibits weapons from campus as defined by State law and college policy.

No one except designated employees and law enforcement personnel should have weapons or ammunition on campus without approval by college officials. The Board prohibits the possession of pistols, ammunition, firearms or weapons in any form by any person other than duly authorized law enforcement officers on school premises or at school functions regardless of whether any such person possesses a valid permit to carry such pistols, firearms or weapons.

Title IX and Sexual Misconduct

Pearl River Community College prohibits sexual misconduct in any form, including sexual and gender-based harassment, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, stalking, and intimate partner violence. This policy describes prohibited sexual conduct, establishes procedures for responding to reports of sexual misconduct, and provides information on the resources available to the campus community.

Pearl River Community College is committed to fostering and maintaining a safe and healthy academic, work, and living environment in which no member of the College community is discriminated against on the basis of sex, gender or gender identity, and sexual orientation in any College program or activity. Sexual misconduct is a form of sex discrimination and is inconsistent with the standards and ideals of our community. This policy is designed to ensure a safe and non-discriminatory academic, work, and living environment and to meet state and federal requirements under Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and relevant sections of the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act.

Sexual Misconduct Policy- <https://prcc.edu/faculty/policy-procedure-manual/administrative/title-ix-and-sexual-misconduct/>

Sexual Misconduct

As used in this policy, sexual misconduct is a broad, non-legal, umbrella term used to refer to a wide range of non-consensual and unwelcomed behaviors of a sexual nature. Sexual misconduct varies in its nature and severity. Sexual misconduct includes, but is not limited to: sexual harassment, sex/gender discrimination, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, stalking, and intimate partner violence. Sexual misconduct can occur between strangers, acquaintances, or persons who know each other well, including between people who are or have been involved in an intimate/sexual relationship. It can be committed by anyone, regardless of sex or gender, and can occur between people of the same or different sex or gender. This policy prohibits all forms of sexual misconduct. Following is a description and examples of the wide range of behaviors that fall under the term "sexual misconduct."

Sexual misconduct offenses prohibited include, but are not limited to:

- Sexual harassment
- Gender-based harassment
- Sexual assault (non-consensual sexual intercourse and non-consensual intentional sexual contact)
- Sexual exploitation
- Stalking
- Intimate partner violence

1. Sexual Harassment

Sexual harassment is unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature, including unwelcome sexual advances, request for sexual favors, and other verbal, nonverbal, graphic, or physical conduct of a sexual nature when:

1. Such conduct is sufficiently severe, persistent or pervasive, and objectively offensive to a reasonable person that it interferes with, denies or limits a person's ability to participate in or benefit from the College education or work programs or activities (hostile environment); or
2. Is based on power differentials. This exists when submission to or rejection of such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a condition of a person's academic standing or employment or is used as the basis for academic or work evaluation, grades, advancement, or other employment decisions (quid pro quo).
3. Retaliatory harassment is defined as any adverse action taken against a person participating in a protected activity (e.g. Title IX process) because of the person's participation in that protected activity. Retaliation can occur against the alleged victim by the accused or by the accused's friends or acquaintances. Retaliation can also be directed toward third parties (e.g. witnesses) because of their participation in the process or because of their support for an involved party.
4. Some examples of prohibited sexual harassment include:
 - Repeated sexual requests toward a person who has indicated the behavior is unwelcome.
 - Lewd or sexually suggestive comments, gestures, jokes, or innuendos.
 - Commenting about or inappropriately touching a person's body.
 - Repeatedly telling "dirty" jokes in class or in the office.
 - Professors insisting that students have sex with them for a good grade.
 - Explicit sexual pictures are displayed in a staff member's office or on the exterior of a residence hall door.
 - An instructor request that students share their sexual history and fantasies in class discussions, yet the conversation is not in any way germane to the subject matter of the class. The instructor probes for explicit details, and requires that students respond, though they are clearly uncomfortable.
5. Whether sexual harassment is sufficiently severe, persistent or pervasive to violate the College's Sexual Misconduct Policy may depend on multiple factors. Not all inappropriate or unwanted sexual conduct is sexual harassment. Whether the unwanted sexual conduct rises to the level of creating a hostile environment will be determined using both a subjective and objective standard. However, a person should not be discouraged from reporting unwelcome sexual conduct simply because they are not certain whether it is severe, persistent, or pervasive, or objectively offensive enough to constitute a policy violation. That is a determination for the College's Title IX Coordinator to make. A person reporting sexual harassment will never be disciplined or retaliated against for any report made in good faith.

2. Gender-Based Harassment

Gender-based harassment includes harassment based on gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression. This may include acts of aggression, intimidation, or hostility, whether verbal or non-verbal, graphic, physical, or otherwise, even if the acts do not involve conduct of a sexual nature. Such conduct must be sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive, and objectively offensive that it interferes with or limits a person's ability to participate in or benefit from the College's academic or work programs. For example, gender-based harassment can occur if students are harassed either for exhibiting what is perceived as a stereotypical characteristic for their sex, or for failing to conform to stereotypical notions of masculinity or femininity. In order to constitute harassment, the conduct must be such that it has the effect of unreasonably interfering with the student's academic performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, demeaning, or offensive academic or living environment.

3. Sexual Assault

Sexual assault includes sexual penetration or intercourse or any other intentional physical contact of a sexual nature that occurs without consent. Sexual assault also includes attempted physical sexual contact without consent, as well as attempts to induce sexual activity via direct threats of physical violence, even where no physical contact ultimately occurs. Under the College's Sexual Misconduct policy, sexual assault offenses prohibited include:

1. **Non-consensual sexual intercourse (or attempts to commit same):**

Any sexual intercourse, however slight, by any person upon another without consent and/or by force includes oral, anal, and vaginal penetration, to any degree, with any object or body part (i.e. penis, finger, tongue). Intercourse includes vaginal penetration by a penis, tongue, finger, or object; anal penetration by a penis, object, tongue or finger; and oral copulation (mouth to genital contact or genital to mouth contact), no matter how slight the penetration or contact.

2. **Non-consensual intentional sexual contact (or attempts to commit same):**

Any intentional sexual touching with any object, however slight, by any person upon another, without consent and/or by force includes intentional contact with the breasts, buttocks, groin, genitals, or touching another with any of these body parts, or making another touch the offender or themselves with or on any of these body parts.

4. Sexual Exploitation

Sexual exploitation occurs when a person takes sexual advantage of another person for personal benefit or to benefit another person other than the one being exploited, but

does not involve actual or attempted physical contact.

Some examples of sexual exploitation include, but are not limited to:

1. Recording images, video, or audio of another person engaged in sexual activity or in a state of undress without that person's consent, even if the sexual activity itself is consensual
2. Sharing or forwarding photographs, video, or audio of another person engaged in sexual activity or in a state of undress—or threatening to distribute the same—without the person's knowledge and consent
3. Invasion of sexual privacy. Viewing another person engaged in sexual activity or in nudity in a location where that person would have a reasonable expectation of privacy, without that person's consent and for the purpose of gratifying sexual desire
4. Allowing others to observe consensual sex without obtaining consent of all parties
5. Knowingly transmitting a sexually transmitted infection/disease or HIV to another person
6. Sexually-based stalking and/or bullying may also be forms of sexual exploitation
7. Exposing one's genitals to another person without their consent
8. Prostituting another person
9. Administering alcohol or drugs to another person for the purpose of making that person vulnerable to non-consensual sexual activity

5. Stalking

Stalking is defined as a course of conduct involving more than one instance of unwanted attention, harassment, unwanted physical or verbal contact, use of threatening words and/or conduct, or any other course of conduct directed at an individual that could cause a reasonable person to fear for their safety, including physical, emotional, or psychological harm or distress. Stalking violates Title IX when it is undertaken, at least in part, based on sex or gender¹.

Some examples of stalking include, but are not limited to:

1. Physically following or pursuing a person against their wishes
2. Following the person to work, class, home, or other places where they frequently visit
3. Vandalizing a person's property
4. Photographing a person without their consent; and other threatening, intimidating, or intrusive behavior
5. Sending repeated, unwanted messages electronically (cyberstalking), by mail, a mutual friend, or by other means, even after the person it is directed to request that the unwanted attention and communication stop

6. Intimate Partner Violence

Intimate partner violence or relationship violence is defined as actual or threatened physical violence, intimidation, or other forms of physical or sexual abuse that would cause a reasonable person to fear harm to self or others. Under this policy, the term "intimate partner" refers to marriage, domestic partnership, dating relationship, casual, or serious romantic involvement, whether the relationship is current or not.

Some examples of intimate partner violence include, but are not limited to:

1. Hitting, kicking, punching, strangling, or other violence
2. Property damage
3. Threat of violence to one's self, one's partner, family members, friends, pets, or personal property of the partner

Related Terms: Consent, Force or Coercion, and Incapacitation

1. Consent

Consent is defined as a clear, informed, and voluntary agreement/exchange between participants to engage in sexual activity. Consent can be communicated by words or actions as long as those words or actions are unambiguous and create mutually understandable permission regarding the scope of sexual contact or activity. Although consent can be communicated with actions, verbal communication is the most reliable form of asking for and gauging consent. Therefore, persons are encouraged to seek consent via verbal communication.

1. Consent is ongoing and can be withdrawn at any time by words and/or actions that clearly demonstrate the person no longer voluntarily agrees to participate. Consent is active, not passive. Silence does not imply consent. The absence of resistance does not imply that consent was freely given. In addition, past consent to sexual activity with another person does not imply future consent with that same person or same sexual activity. Lastly, in order to give consent, the person must be of legal age.
2. There is no consent when there is force, expressed or implied, or when coercion, intimidation, threats, or duress is used. Whether a person has taken advantage of a position of influence over another person may be a factor in determining consent.

2. Force

Force is the use of physical violence and/or imposing on someone physically to gain sexual access. Force also includes threats, intimidation (implied threats), and coercion that overcome resistance.

3. Coercion

Coercion is unreasonable pressure for sexual activity. When someone makes it clear that they do not want to participate in sexual activity, that they want to stop participating, or that they do not want to go past a certain point of sexual interaction, continued pressure beyond that point can be coercive.

4. Incapacitation

There is no consent if a person is mentally or physically incapacitated due to drug or alcohol consumption, voluntarily or involuntarily, or if the person is unconscious, asleep, or otherwise unaware that sexual interaction/activity is happening. It also includes instances in which a person lacks the required understanding due to medical conditions, cognitive disabilities, or other disabilities.

1. Persons who are incapacitated cannot make rational and reasonable decisions because they lack the capacity to give knowing consent. They cannot understand the fact, nature, or extent of the sexual activity/interaction.
2. Engaging in sexual activity with someone who one should know to be—or based on the circumstances should reasonably have known to be—mentally or physically incapacitated by alcohol/drug use, unconsciousness, or cognitive disability, constitutes a violation of this policy.
3. Possession, use, and/or distribution of date rape drugs, such as Rohypnol, Ketamine, GHB, Burundanga etc. is prohibited, and administering any of these drugs to another is also a violation of this policy.
4. Some signs of incapacitation may include, but are not limited to:
 - Shaky equilibrium (e.g. stumbling, falling down)
 - Slurred speech
 - The inability to speak or communicate verbally
 - Lack of awareness of circumstances/surroundings
 - Bloodshot eyes
 - Vomiting
 - Outrageous/ unusual behavior or unconsciousness

Victim Reporting Options

Title IX Coordinator

Simone Mckinney

Poplarville Campus, Crosby Hall 2nd Floor

101 Highway 11 North; Poplarville, MS 39470

Telephone: 601.403.1415 or smckinney@prcc.edu

A Title IX representative is also available to consult with Forrest County Center/Woodall Center and Hancock Center students and employees at the following addresses:

Forrest County Center/Woodall Center
Deputy Title IX Coordinator-Rosalynn Vaughn
Telephone: 601.403.1813 or rvaughn@prcc.edu
Office of Student Services-Building 3
5448 US 49; Hattiesburg, MS 39401

Hancock Center
Deputy Title IX Coordinator-Sylvia Martinez
Telephone: 228.252.7004 or smartinez@prcc.edu
454 Highway 90, Suite D; Waveland, MS 39576

Education and Training

To help prevent sexual violence, all members of the Pearl River Community College students, faculty, and staff receive sexual violence prevention and intervention training and education annually. Pearl River Community College students are educated on information regarding reporting options, resources, bystander intervention, staying safe, sexual assault awareness and prevention and other relevant topics.

Campus Security Authority

A Campus Security Authority is any individual or organization specified in an institution's statement of campus security policy as an individual or organization to which students and employees should report criminal activity.

Campus Security Authorities include the following:

1. A campus police department or campus security department of the institution.
2. Any individual who has responsibility for campus security but who is not a member of the campus police department.
3. Any individual specified in the institution's statement of campus security policy as an individual to which students and employees should report criminal offenses.
4. Any individual of the institution who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities.

The following individuals are designated as Campus Security Authorities for Pearl River Community College:

Campus Police Department

- Director of Public Safety
- Chief of Campus Police
- All Sworn Officers
- All PRCC Security Officers
- All Campus Police Staff

Administrative Departments or Personnel

1. President's Office
 - Executive Vice Presidents
 - Vice Presidents
 - Coordinators
2. Directors
3. Athletic Director and Coaching Staffs
4. Chair Persons
5. Advisors
6. College Medical/Health Personnel
7. Counselors
8. Head Residents
9. Supervisors
10. Faculty/Staff Members

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Criminal Offences – On-Campus

For each of the following criminal offences, enter the number reported to have occurred on campus.

Total occurrences on campus

Criminal Offences	2021	2022	2023
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
b. Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
c. Rape	0	0	0
d. Fondling	0	0	0
e. Incest	0	0	0
f. Statutory rape	0	0	0
g. Robbery	0	0	0
h. Aggravated assault	0	0	0
i. Burglary	0	0	0
j. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from a vehicle)	0	0	0
k. Arson	0	0	0

Criminal Offences – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Of those criminal offenses reported to have occurred on campus, enter the number that occurred in On-Campus Housing Facilities.

Total occurrences in On-campus Student Housing Facilities

Criminal Offences	2021	2022	2023
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
b. Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
c. Rape	0	0	0
d. Fondling	0	0	0
e. Incest	0	0	0
f. Statutory rape	0	0	0
g. Robbery	0	0	0
h. Aggravated assault	0	0	0
i. Burglary	0	0	1
h. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from a vehicle)	0	0	0
k. Arson	0	0	0

Criminal Offences – Public Property

For each of the following criminal offences, enter the number reported to have occurred on Public Property.

Total occurrences on Public Property

Criminal Offences	2021	2022	2023
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
b. Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
c. Rape	0	0	0
d. Fondling	0	0	0
e. Incest	0	0	0
f. Statutory rape	0	0	0
g. Robbery	0	0	0
h. Aggravated assault	0	0	0
i. Burglary	0	0	0
h. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from a vehicle)	0	0	0
k. Arson	0	0	0

Hate Crimes – On-Campus

For the offences listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on campus.

Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

Occurrences of Hate Crimes

Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2021

	2019 Total	Race	Religion Orientation	Sexual	Gender Identity	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Criminal Offences									
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b. Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes – On-Campus

For the offences listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on campus.

Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

**Occurrences of Hate Crimes
Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2022**

	2018 Total	Rac e	Religion Orientation	Sexual	Gender Identity	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Criminal Offences									
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b. Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes – On-Campus

For the offences listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on campus.

Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

Occurrences of Hate Crime

Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2021

	2017 Total	Rac e	Religion Orientation	Sexual	Gender Identity	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Criminal Offences									
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b. Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

For the offences listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on campus.

Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

Occurrences of Hate Crimes

Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2021

	2019 Total	Race	Religion Orientation	Sexual	Gender Identity	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Criminal Offences									
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b. Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

For the offences listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on campus.

Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

Occurrences of Hate Crimes

Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2023

	2018 Total	Race	Religion Orientation	Sexual	Gender Identity	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Criminal Offences									
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b. Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

For the offences listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on campus.

Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

**Occurrences of Hate Crimes
Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2021**

Criminal Offences	2017 Total	Race	Religion Orientation	Sexual	Gender Identity	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b. Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes – Public Property

**For the offences listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on campus.
Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).**

**Occurrences of Hate Crimes
Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2022**

Criminal Offences	2019 Total	Race	Religion Orientation	Sexual	Gender Identity	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b. Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes – Public Property

**For the offences listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on campus.
Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).**

**Occurrences of Hate Crimes
Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2023**

	2018 Total	Rac e	Religion Orientation	Sexual	Gender Identity	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Criminal Offences									
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b. Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes – Public Property

**For the offences listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on campus.
Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).**

**Occurrences of Hate Crimes
Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2021**

	2017 Total	Rac e	Religion Orientation	Sexual	Gender Identity	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Criminal Offences									
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b. Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses – On-Campus

**For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred on campus.
Total occurrences on Campus**

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Domestic Violence	0	1	0
b. Dating Violence	0	0	4
c. Stalking	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities.

Total occurrences in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Domestic Violence	0	0	0
b. Dating Violence	0	0	1
c. Stalking	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses – Public Property

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred on Public Property

Total occurrences on Public Property

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Domestic Violence	0	0	0
b. Dating Violence	0	0	0
c. Stalking	0	0	0

Arrests – On Campus

Enter the number of Arrests for each of the following crimes that occurred on Campus.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Arrests

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	3
b. Drug abuse violations	4	5	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	10	5

Arrest – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Of those Arrests for crimes that occurred on Campus, Enter the number of crimes that occurred in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities for each of the following categories.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Arrests

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	01
b. Drug abuse violations	4	2	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	10	4

Arrests – Public Property

Enter the number of Arrests for each of the following crimes that occurred on Public Property.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Arrests

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Disciplinary Actions – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities for each of the following categories. Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations. If the disciplinary action is the

result of an arrest do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.
 Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Persons referred for Disciplinary Action			
Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	1	1
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	5

Disciplinary Actions – On-Campus

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred On-Campus for each of the following categories. Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations. If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Persons referred for Disciplinary Action			
Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	1
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	1
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	4

Disciplinary Actions – Public Property

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred on Public Property for each of the following categories. Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations. If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Persons referred for Disciplinary Action			
Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Unfounded Crimes

Of those crimes that occurred on Campus, in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities, on or in Non-Campus property or buildings, and on Public Property, enter the number of crimes that was unfounded. The total number of unfounded crimes should include all criminal offences, hate crimes, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking incidents that have been unfounded. Arrest and disciplinary actions cannot be unfounded. If a reported crime is investigated by law enforcement authorities and found to be false or baseless, the crime is “unfounded”. Only sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel may unfound a crime.

Count unfounded crimes in the year they were originally reported.

Number			
Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Total unfounded crimes	0	0	0

Criminal Offences – On-Campus

For each of the following criminal offences, enter the number reported to have occurred on campus.

Total occurrences on campus

Criminal Offences	2021	2022	2023
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
b. Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
c. Rape	0	0	0
d. Fondling	0	0	0
e. Incest	0	0	0
f. Statutory rape	0	0	0
g. Robbery	0	0	0
h. Aggravated assault	0	0	1
i. Burglary	0	0	0
j. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from a vehicle)	0	0	0
k. Arson	0	0	0

Criminal Offences – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Of those criminal offenses reported to have occurred on campus, enter the number that occurred in On-Campus Housing Facilities.

Total occurrences in On-campus Student Housing Facilities

Criminal Offences	2021	2022	2023
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
b. Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
c. Rape	0	0	0
d. Fondling	0	0	0
e. Incest	0	0	0
f. Statutory rape	0	0	0
g. Robbery	0	0	0
h. Aggravated assault	0	0	0
i. Burglary	0	0	0
h. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from a vehicle)	0	0	0
k. Arson	0	0	0

Criminal Offences – Public Property

For each of the following criminal offences, enter the number reported to have occurred on Public Property.

Total occurrences on Public Property

Criminal Offences	2021	2022	2023
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
b. Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
c. Rape	0	0	0
d. Fondling	0	0	0
e. Incest	0	0	0
f. Statutory rape	0	0	0
g. Robbery	0	0	0
h. Aggravated assault	0	0	0
i. Burglary	0	0	0
h. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from a vehicle)	0	0	0
k. Arson	0	0	0

Hate Crimes – On-Campus

For the offences listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on campus.

Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

Occurrences of Hate Crimes

Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2023

	2019 Total	Race	Religion Orientation	Sexual	Gender Identity	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Criminal Offences									
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b. Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes – On-Campus

For the offences listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on campus.

Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

Occurrences of Hate Crimes

Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2022

	2018 Total	Race	Religion Orientation	Sexual	Gender Identity	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Criminal Offences									
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b. Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes – On-Campus

For the offences listed below, first enter the total number of Hate Crimes that were reported to have occurred on campus.

Then break down each total by category of bias (e.g., race, religion).

Occurrences of Hate Crimes

Category of Bias for crimes reported in 2022

	2017 Total	Race	Religion Orientation	Sexual	Gender Identity	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Criminal Offences									
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b. Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Aggravated assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from vehicle)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k. Simple assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l. Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m. Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n. Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

VAWA Offenses – On-Campus

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred on campus.

Total occurrences on Campus

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Domestic Violence	0	0	0
b. Dating Violence	0	0	0
c. Stalking	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities.

Total occurrences in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Domestic Violence	0	0	0
b. Dating Violence	0	0	0
c. Stalking	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses – Public Property

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred on Public Property

Total occurrences on Public Property

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Domestic Violence	0	0	0
b. Dating Violence	0	0	0
c. Stalking	0	0	0

Arrests – On Campus

Enter the number of Arrests for each of the following crimes that occurred on Campus.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Arrests

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Arrest – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Of those Arrests for crimes that occurred on Campus, Enter the number of crimes that occurred in On-Campus

Student Housing Facilities for each of the following categories.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Arrests

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Arrests – Public Property

Enter the number of Arrests for each of the following crimes that occurred on Public Property.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Arrests

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Disciplinary Actions – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities for each of the following categories. Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations. If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Persons referred for Disciplinary Action			
Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Disciplinary Actions – On-Campus

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred On-Campus for each of the following categories. Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations. If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Persons referred for Disciplinary Action			
Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Disciplinary Actions – Public Property

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred on Public Property for each of the following categories. Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations. If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Persons referred for Disciplinary Action			
Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Unfounded Crimes

Of those crimes that occurred on Campus, in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities, on or in Non-Campus property or buildings, and on Public Property, enter the number of crimes that was unfounded. The total number of unfounded crimes should include all criminal offences, hate crimes, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking incidents that have been unfounded. Arrest and disciplinary actions cannot be unfounded. If a reported crime is investigated by law enforcement authorities and found to be false or baseless, the crime is "unfounded". Only sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel may unfind a crime.

Count unfounded crimes in the year they were originally reported

Number			
Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Total unfounded crimes	0	0	0

CAMPUS CRIME STATISTICS (2022-2023) – HANCOCK COUNTY CAMPUS

Criminal Offences – On-Campus

For each of the following criminal offences, enter the number reported to have occurred on campus.

Criminal Offences	Total occurrences on campus		
	2021	2022	2023
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
b. Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
c. Rape	0	0	0
d. Fondling	0	0	0
e. Incest	0	0	0
f. Statutory rape	0	0	0
g. Robbery	0	0	0
h. Aggravated assault	0	0	0
i. Burglary	0	0	0
j. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from a vehicle)	0	0	0
k. Arson	0	0	0

Criminal Offences – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Of those criminal offenses reported to have occurred on campus, enter the number that occurred in On-Campus Housing Facilities.

Criminal Offences	Total occurrences in On-campus Student Housing Facilities		
	2021	2022	2023
a. Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
b. Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
c. Rape	0	0	0
d. Fondling	0	0	0
e. Incest	0	0	0
f. Statutory rape	0	0	0
g. Robbery	0	0	0
h. Aggravated assault	0	0	0
i. Burglary	0	0	0
h. Motor vehicle theft(Do not include theft from a vehicle)	0	0	0
k. Arson	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses – On-Campus

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred on campus.

Total occurrences on Campus

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Domestic Violence	0	0	0
b. Dating Violence	0	0	0
c. Stalking	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities.

Total occurrences in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Domestic Violence	0	0	0
b. Dating Violence	0	0	0
c. Stalking	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses – Public Property

For each of the following crimes, enter the number reported to have occurred on Public Property

Total occurrences on Public Property

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Domestic Violence	0	0	0
b. Dating Violence	0	0	0
c. Stalking	0	0	0

Arrests – On Campus

Enter the number of Arrests for each of the following crimes that occurred on Campus.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Arrests

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Arrest – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Of those Arrests for crimes that occurred on Campus, Enter the number of crimes that occurred in On-Campus

Student Housing Facilities for each of the following categories.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Arrests

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Arrests – Public Property

Enter the number of Arrests for each of the following crimes that occurred on Public Property.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Arrests

Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Disciplinary Actions – On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities for each of the following categories. Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations. If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Persons referred for Disciplinary Action			
Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Disciplinary Actions – On-Campus

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred On-Campus for each of the following categories. Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations. If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Persons referred for Disciplinary Action			
Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Disciplinary Actions – Public Property

Enter the number of persons referred for disciplinary action for crimes that occurred on Public Property for each of the following categories. Do not include disciplinary actions that were strictly for school policy violations. If the disciplinary action is the result of an arrest do not count it here; count the violation as 1 arrest.

Do NOT include drunkenness or driving under the influence in Liquor law violations.

Number of Persons referred for Disciplinary Action			
Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
b. Drug abuse violations	0	0	0
c. Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Unfounded Crimes

Of those crimes that occurred on Campus, in On-Campus Student Housing Facilities, on or in Non-Campus property or buildings, and on Public Property, enter the number of crimes that was unfounded. The total number of unfounded crimes should include all criminal offences, hate crimes, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking incidents that have been unfounded. Arrest and disciplinary actions cannot be unfounded. If a reported crime is investigated by law enforcement authorities and found to be false or baseless, the crime is "unfounded". Only sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel may unfound a crime.

Count unfounded crimes in the year they were originally reported

Number			
Crime	2021	2022	2023
a. Total unfounded crimes	0	0	0

2023 Annual Fire Safety Report

General Information on Fire and Safety

- Smoking and tobacco use, of any kind, is not permitted on any PRCC property.
- Students are not to tamper with or remove any fire or safety equipment, including but not limited to smoke detectors or fire extinguishers in the residence hall.
- Setting of, or adding to unauthorized fires on college property is not permitted.
- Students must vacate the building when the fire alarm system is activated.
- See list of potential fire hazards not permitted in the dormitory: <https://prcc.edu/river-life/residence-life/>

Fire Drills and Training

Pearl River Community College conducts fire drills in the dormitories once (1) per semester. These drills are conducted by the Director of Public Safety, Office of Residence Life, and local fire department. Residence Hall staff are provided with fire safety annually which includes fire extinguisher safety.

Campus Safety and Security Survey Fires – Summary

Name of Facilities	2021			2022			2023		
	Fires	Injuries	Deaths	Fires	Injuries	Deaths	Fires	Injuries	Deaths
a. Forrest Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b. Moody Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. Holden Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. Lamar Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e. Marion Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f. Hancock Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g. Pearl River Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h. Huff Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i. New Dorm A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
j. New Dorm B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Pearl River Community College offers equal education and employment opportunities. The College does not discriminate on the basis of race, religion, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, national origin, veteran status, or disability. If you have a disability that qualifies under the Americans with Disabilities Act and you require special assistance or accommodations, you should contact the designated coordinator for your campus for information on appropriate guidelines and procedures: For all campuses/centers contact Eddie Sandifer at 601-403-1215 or esandifer@prcc.edu; or for Poplarville Campus, Tonia Moody Seal at 601-403-1060 or tmooddy@prcc.edu; Forrest County Center, Michelle Wilson-Stokes at 601-554-5500 or mwilson@prcc.edu; Hancock Center, Dr. Raymunda Barnes at 228-252-7000 or rbarnes@prcc.edu. eLearning

– Online students who require special assistance, accommodations, and/or need for alternate format should contact Eddie Sandifer or Tonia Moody Seal. For Title IX services, contact Simone McKinney, Director of Resident Title IX Coordinator, 601-403-1415 smckinney@prcc.edu